

BCM RESOURCES CORPORATION

**Management Discussion and Analysis of
Results of Operations and Financial Condition
For the Three Months Ended November 30, 2022**

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MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS For the Three Months Ended November 30, 2022

Dated: January 30, 2023

The following discussion and analysis of the financial position and results of operations for BCM RESOURCES CORPORATION (the “Company” or the “Corporation” or “BCM”) should be read in conjunction with the audited financial statements for the year ended August 31, 2022, and the unaudited condensed financial statements for the **Three Months ended November 30, 2022**, which are prepared in Canadian dollars and using accounting policies consistent with International Financial Reporting Standards (“IFRS”).

OVERVIEW

The Company is in the business of acquiring, exploring and developing mineral properties. At present, the Company is in the exploration stage and has interests in mineral properties located in the Skeena and Omineca Mining Divisions in British Columbia and in Millard County, Utah. The Company has not yet had any revenue from the exploration activities on its properties. There can be no assurance that current exploration programs will result in the discovery of economically viable quantities of ore.

The Company has a 100% interest in certain claims located in Terrace, BC, known as the Carter Property. These claims are subject to a 1.5% net smelter return (“NSR”) royalty, of which 50% (or 0.75%) can be purchased by the Company at any time for \$750,000.

Subsequent to acquiring the initial 10 claims comprising the Carter Property, additional mineral claims were staked and dropped adjacent to the Company’s Shan Molybdenum discovery, and elsewhere in the Terrace area. The Company’s Carter Property is currently comprised of 20 claims, all of which are subject to the NSR.

The Company also has an option to acquire mineral claims, known as the Thompson Knolls Property, pursuant to an option agreement with Inland Explorations Ltd. (“Inland”) dated September 28, 2018, and subsequently amended in October 2019, September 2020 and September 2021. As consideration, the Company agreed to deliver to Inland the payments, shares and royalties, and incur exploration expenditures, as set out in Note 4 of the August 31, 2022 financial statements.

FINANCING ACTIVITIES

On October 6, 2015, the Company completed the first tranche of a non-brokered private placement by issuing 1,395,000 common shares at \$0.05 per share for gross proceeds of \$69,750.

On November 27, 2015, the Company completed the second tranche of a non-brokered private placement by issuing 1,610,000 common shares at \$0.05 per share for gross proceeds of \$80,500.

On December 18, 2015, the Company completed the third tranche of a non-brokered private placement by issuing 1,394,000 common shares at a price of \$0.05 per share for gross proceeds of \$69,700.

On February 15, 2016, the Company completed a non-brokered private placement, by issuing 825,000 Units at \$0.10 per share, for gross proceeds of \$82,500. Each Unit consists of one common share and one-half of a share purchase warrant. Each full warrant can be exercised at a price of \$0.15 per warrant into one common share of the Company, and was exercisable until August 15, 2016.

On May 26, 2016, the Company issued 300,000 common shares with a fair value of \$88,500 to settle debt of \$75,000.

During the year ended August 31, 2016, 282,500 share purchase warrants priced at \$0.15 were exercised for gross proceeds of \$42,375.

On January 31, 2017, the Company completed a non-brokered private placement, by issuing 850,000 Units at \$0.10 per share, for gross proceeds of \$85,000. Each Unit consists of one common share and one share purchase warrant. Each warrant can be exercised at a price of \$0.20 per warrant into one common share of the Company, and was exercisable until January 31, 2019.

On December 5, 2017, the Company completed a non-brokered private placement, issuing 11,000,000 units at \$0.075 per unit, for gross proceeds of \$825,000. Each Unit consists of one common share and one share purchase warrant. Each warrant can be exercised at a price of \$0.15 per warrant into one common share of the Company, and is exercisable until December 5, 2019. The warrants are subject to an acceleration right in favor of the Company: should the closing price of the common shares of the Company on the TSX Venture Exchange, at any time following the date that is four months after the date of issue, be \$0.35 or higher for 20 consecutive trading days, the Company will be entitled to accelerate the expiration of the warrants to the date that is 30 business days from the date of the issuance of a news release by the Company announcing the exercise of the acceleration right. Finder's fees totaling \$30,075 and 320,000 broker warrants were paid to certain finders and comprise 8% cash and 8% broker warrants, of the amount placed by those finders. Each broker warrant is exercisable into one common share of the Company at an exercise price of \$0.15 and expires December 5, 2019 and are subject to the aforementioned acceleration right. All outstanding warrants were expired on December 5, 2019.

On August 30, 2018, 300,000 of the share purchase broker warrants issued as part of the December 5, 2017 private placement were exercised for gross proceeds of \$45,000.

On September 28, 2018, 450,000 shares, valued at \$0.17 per share, were issued to Inland Exploration upon the closing of the formal option agreement to acquire up to 60% interest in Inland's TK Property.

On August 1, 2019, 350,000 stock options, priced at \$0.05, were exercised for gross proceeds of \$17,500. Upon exercise, \$27,383 of previously recognized share-based payments was reclassified from Reserves to Share Capital.

On February 21, 2020, 200,000 stock options priced at \$0.05 were exercised for gross proceeds of \$10,000. Upon exercise, \$15,647 of previously recognized share-based payments was reclassified from Reserves to Share Capital.

On September 15, 2020, 350,000 stock options priced at \$0.05 were exercised for gross proceeds of \$17,500. This amount was in Subscription receipts at September 1, 2020.

On January 15, 2021, the Company closed a non-brokered private placement for gross proceeds of \$325,000 through the issuance of 6,500,000 units, priced at \$0.05 per unit. Each unit is comprised of one common share of the Company and one share purchase warrant. Each warrant entitles the holder to purchase one common share of the Company at a price of \$0.10 for two years from the date of issue.

On March 30, 2021, the Company closed a non-brokered private placement for gross proceeds of \$715,000 through the issuance of 13,000,000 units, priced at \$0.055 per unit. Each unit is comprised of one common share of the Company and one share purchase warrant. Each warrant entitles the holder to purchase one common share of the Company at a price of \$0.10 for two years from the date of issue.

On May 7, 2021, the Company issued 215,000 common shares in exchange for exploration and evaluation services. These shares were recorded at a value of \$55,900, and have been capitalized to Exploration and evaluation assets.

On June 1, 2021, 350,000 stock options priced at \$0.05 were exercised for gross proceeds of \$17,500.

On August 27, 2021, the Company received \$5,005 related to a private placement completed subsequent to year-end.

On September 21, 2021, the Company closed a non-brokered private placement for gross proceeds of \$1,100,000 through the issuance of 10,000,000 units, priced at \$0.11 per unit. Each unit is comprised of one common share of the Company and one share purchase warrant. Each warrant entitles the holder to purchase one common share of the Company at a price of \$0.16 for one year from the date of issue.

On May 20, 2022, the Company closed a non-brokered private placement for gross proceeds of \$2,200,000 through the issuance of 10,000,000 units, priced at \$0.22 per unit. Each unit is comprised of one common share of the Company and one share purchase warrant. Each warrant entitles the holder to purchase one common share of the Company at a price of \$0.16 for one year from the date of issue.

On June 7, 2022, 100,000 stock options priced at \$0.11 were exercised for gross proceeds of \$11,000 which was received as promissory note. Upon exercise, \$9,600 of previously recognized share-based compensation was reclassified from Reserves to Share Capital.

During the year ended August 31, 2022, 8,073,200 stock warrants priced at \$0.10, and 830,000 stock warrants priced at \$0.16 were exercised for total gross proceeds of \$940,120. Upon exercise, \$7,721 of previously recognized share-based compensation was reclassified from Reserves to Share Capital.

On August 16, 2022, the Company received \$16,000 for exercising 100,000 warrants at \$0.16 per share. The share issued after year-end on September 15, 2022.

ACTIVITIES OF THE COMPANY ¹

The Company's main focus has been exploration for molybdenum in the Terrace area of Northwest British Columbia, with particular emphasis on advancing the Company's molybdenum discovery at its flagship Shan Property. This property, which benefits from its proximity to existing infrastructure, is adjacent to the Skeena River along which are both the CN Railway and highway 16, major east-west transportation corridors in west-central British Columbia. Nearby deep-sea ports include Kitimat (80 km south) and Prince Rupert (163 km west). Terrace (20 km southwest) and Smithers (200 km east) have well-established mining-related service industries and a trained workforce. BC Hydro transmission lines are in close proximity to the property.

Shan Molybdenum Discovery

To date, the Company has completed four drill programs at Shan consisting of 13,624 meters of drilling in 57 holes. Significant molybdenum mineralization was encountered in all phases of drilling. The Shan Property is 7,604 ha in size. The first two phases of drilling included 36 holes to test both the Las Margaritas and Camp Zones. All holes intersected visible molybdenum mineralization with 31 holes (86%) including sample intervals with grades of at least 0.06% Mo. Phase III drilling was directed to the Triangle zone which features scattered high-grade Mo mineralization.

The most recent drill program (Phase IV) was completed in the summer of 2011. Seven of the 16 holes drilled were infill holes within the Las Margaritas zone. All seven holes intersected the molybdenum bearing zone and included grades 0.06% Mo or higher; four holes included sample intervals of + 0.10% Mo.

Approximately 1300 drill core samples were collected from each 3 meters hole interval. Each sample was crushed and only a very small portion of each was pulverized to provide material for subsequent laboratory analyses. The remaining portion of the crushed material is referred to as "sample rejects". The Company has retained the crushed sample rejects from the mineralized intervals for future metallurgical test work.

All of the Company's assays are reported as Mo (molybdenum). Historically, sample results from most molybdenum properties were reported as MoS₂ (molybdenite = molybdenum disulphide) which is equal to the grade expressed as Mo x 1.6681. For examples, 0.06% Mo is equal to 0.10% MoS₂.

Additional Drilling Planned at Shan Molybdenum Discovery

Multi-year diamond-drilling permits for the Shan property were obtained from the appropriate provincial agencies and were valid through March 2014. Bonding remains in place and the Company will reactivate

Richard R. Redfern, M.Sc. and Certified Professional Geologist, a 'qualified person' for the purposes on National Instrument 43-101 Standards of Disclosure for Mineral Properties, has approved the technical content of this MD&A.

the permits when funding is available to resume drilling at the property. Drilling can be conducted virtually year-round.

The Company anticipates that an additional 1000 to 1500 meters of drilling will provide enough information to prepare a NI 43-101 compliant resource estimate for the Las Margaritas zone.

Additional drilling is also planned to further test the continuity of molybdenum mineralization between the Las Margaritas, Camp & Triangle zones, which may, in fact, be part of a much larger mineralized system.

Further drilling is subject to adequate financing and the Company is presently evaluating various funding options.

In the interim, the Company may commission a preliminary metallurgical study on the retained sample rejects from the 2011 drilling program. Such a study should provide useful information for advancing this project.

Letter of Intent – Thompson Knolls Property

On September 2, 2015, the Company announced that it finalized terms of an Agreement with Inland Explorations Ltd., a private BC company ("Inland"), for an option to acquire up to 60% interest in Inland's drill-ready Thompson Knolls Property ("TK Property" or "TK") located in central Utah's Great Basin, one of the premier metallogenic provinces in the world. The TK Property comprises 2,948.6 acres located in Millard County, Utah and consists of 120 federal unpatented mineral claims and two State Section Leases.

Under the terms of the revised LOI, BCM has the option to earn a 51% interest within 4 years by incurring total property expenditures of C\$3.5 million, issuing to Inland a total of 2.6 million shares in the Company, and making total cash payments of C\$250,000, as well as posting any required exploration bonds and paying all annual property and permit related expenses. Fifty thousand dollars (C\$50,000) (accrued) and 450,000 shares (issued) were due on Closing with the balance of property expenditures, cash and share payments staged over a four-year period. Upon BCM earning a 51% interest, the Company shall have the option to increase its interest in the TK Property by an additional 9% to 60% by spending an additional \$5M on the TK Property and delivering a pre-feasibility level study on the property with 2 years. In October 2019, September 2020 and September 2021 Inland and BCM entered into amending agreements to extended the due dates.

The proposed transaction received final approval by the TSX Venture Exchange (the "Exchange") and the formal option agreement ("The Option Agreement") closed on September 28, 2018. The transaction is non-arm's length and Inland, a non-reporting issuer, is related to the Company by way of two common directors, all of whom hold shares in Inland and two of which are officers of both companies, as set forth herein (see "Related Party Transactions").

Thompson Knolls Drill Program

Diamond Drill program continued at the Thompson Knolls (TK) porphyry Cu-Au-Mo system discovery. BCM has the right to earn a 60% interest in the Thompson Knolls porphyry project. TK is located in west-central Utah, USA. TK is a greenfield discovery of a blind porphyry Cu-Au-Mo system.

In 2018, BCM drilled first drillhole TK1 to a depth of 1,117.8' (340.8 m) intercepting the top of a body of porphyry copper mineralization in a quartz monzonite porphyry (QMP) intrusive rocks. This was the only drillholes in Phase 1 drilling campaign at TK project. The drillhole was stopped due to drilling problems, however, drilling encountered notable copper mineralization and an increase in quartz veinlet density down the hole. The QMP shows locally strong feeder quartz-sulfide veinlets and potassic- and later quartz-sericite alteration, with local pyrite and oxidized chalcopyrite copper mineralization. The base of the zone of oxidation was not reached. The QMP intruded a pre-mineral body of quartz latite porphyry; suggesting the top of a typical porphyry copper-gold system.

The Company commenced the core drilling program at its Thompson Knolls intrusive-hosted, porphyry copper-gold system discovery in early June 2021. Also, the company conducted two additional geophysical surveys over TK, initially a drone mag survey to cover the area by Zonge Geoscience for BCM Resources Corp. The survey spanned from August 7 to August 11, 2021. Lines were oriented north-south and spaced 100 m. A total of 318 line-km and 192,133 readings comprise the data resource with stations spaced approximately 1.7 meters along the flight lines. The drone magnetic survey revealed a magnetic response similar to an earlier survey but of much-improved quality, which permits a detailed interpretation. Three main features are defined by the interpretation including contacts, structures, and a large compact magnetic source. An interpretive overlay for GIS and Google Earth applications was developed defining the various interpretive features. Airborne magnetic data was also processed with the VOXI Earth Modeling package to develop a 3D magnetic model, which helped determine the location of additional drill holes at the project.

Another survey conducted by BCM Resources at the project was the audio magneto telluric survey (AMT). Industrial Imaging acquired AMT data from September 3 through September 10, 2021. Strong signal strength, low noise, efficient data acquisition equipment, and signal processing resulted in a data set of good quality. The survey outlined at least three most prominent conductive bodies caused by most likely alteration clays potentially directly related to mineralization in the porphyry system. 3D interpretation of the survey was used for accurate locations of the follow-up drill holes.

In June 2021 we initiated a Phase 2 drilling program. Until the end of December 2021 BCM Resources conducted drilling of three additional drill holes in this drilling phase – TK2, TK3, and TK4 down to the relative depths in each drillhole relatively to 2,000' (609.6 m), 1,664' (507.2 m) and 1,500' (457.2 m) with the overall drilling performed in 2021 - 5,164' (1,574 m). TK3 intercepted both skarn copper mineralization and molybdenum mineralization in the stockwork hosted by intrusive rock. The drill hole was stopped due to the drilling equipment failure. BCM Resources had to replace the drilling contractor and after entertaining several bids hired Falcon Drilling. The contractor who started TK4 did an exceptional cost-efficient job drilling through several fault systems to a depth of 1,445' (440.4 m) where the management decided to terminate the hole confirming the presence of clay alteration causing AMT conductivity in this part of the porphyry system.

During the first half of 2022 BCM completed three (3) additional holes of Phase 2 drilling (totaling to 10,362' or 3,159 m) with TK3a, TK5 and TK6 down to the relative depths in each drillhole relatively to 3,652' (1,113.4 m), 2,780' (847.6 m) and 3,930' (1,197.9 m). The overall Phase 1 and 2 programs have involved seven (7) drill holes for 16,968' (5,171.8m). Drillholes TK3a and TK6 are the deepest holes drilled to date with the most extensive mineralization documented. Hole TK3a intercepted Cu-Mo mineralization,

stretching for 1,853ft (565m) as part of an intrusive stockwork and veinlets porphyry system within the zone of sericitic alteration in quartz-monzonite porphyry intrusion with local zones of potassic alteration. Hole TK6 discovered a significant extent of skarn mineralization stretching for over 946' (288m) with Mo-Au-Cu mineralization (drill hole was stopped in the skarn due to equipment failure). Visual chalcopyrite mineralization in the skarn appears to be directly correlated with the amount of magnetite.

In September 2022 we completed additional drone magnetic survey covering western part of TK with some higher resolution survey over the interpreted skarn zone in the northern part. In addition, magnetic survey was also conducted over prospective area 4 in the TK district.

In October 2022 we initiated Phase 3 drilling program to sink additional 7 drill holes for more than 21,000 feet (6,400 m) of drilling each to a depth of 3,000' or more. Up to date TK7 drill hole was completed to a depth of 2,641 feet (805 m). Another drill hole TK8 is currently in progress.

In December 2022 and January 2023 the drill program was ongoing.

Drilling to test the TK porphyry continues BCM's exploration efforts to focus on finding the main ore body of the Cu-Au-Mo mineralized porphyry system. BCM will report to the markets its progress in the evaluation of the TK project on a regular basis.

TK is located approximately 200 km southwest of Rio Tinto's giant Bingham Canyon porphyry copper-molybdenum-gold mine and smelter complex near Salt Lake City, Utah.

SELECTED ANNUAL INFORMATION

The following selected financial information is derived from the Company's audited financial statements:

	Year ended August 31, 2022	Year ended August 31, 2021	Year ended August 31, 2020
Total revenue	Nil	Nil	Nil
Loss before other items*:			
Total	(310,404)	(658,109)	(64,652)
Per Share *	(0.00)	(0.01)	(0.00)
Total assets	6,289,848	1,824,899	862,349
Total long-term debt	Nil	Nil	Nil
Total shareholders' equity	6,145,092	1,527,359	158,216
Share capital	14,851,223	9,821,580	8,715,068
Net loss for the year:			
Total	(585,253)	(344,294)	(64,652)
Per Share	(0.01)	(0.01)	(0.00)

* The effect of potential share issuances pursuant to the exercise of options and warrants would be anti-dilutive and, therefore, basic and diluted losses per share are the same.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

For the three months ended November 30, 2022, the comprehensive loss was \$31,545, compared with \$22,106 for the three months ended November 30, 2021, an increase of \$9,439. Significant variations in expenses and other items included the following:

- Filing and transfer fees (2022: \$2,645, 2021: \$9,713) decreased due to the company had new share placements last period; and
- Management fees (2022: \$18,000, 2021: \$nil) increased as the company did not take fees for the last period.
- Marketing (2022: \$nil, 2021: \$11,963) decreased because the company did not have any marketing activity this period.

SELECTED QUARTERLY FINANCIAL INFORMATION

	Nov. 30, 2022 (Q1)	Aug. 31, 2022 (Q4)	Nov. 30, 2019 (Q1)	Feb. 28, 2020 (Q2)	May 31, 2020 (Q3)	Aug 31, 2020 (Q4)	Nov. 30, 2020 (Q1)	Feb. 28, 2021 (Q2)
Revenue	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Net gain (loss)	(31,545)	(585,253)	(18,493)	(33,292)	104,345	(117,212)	(25,154)	(48,088)
Gain (loss) per share	(\$0.00)	(\$0.01)	(\$0.00)	(\$0.00)	\$0.00	(\$0.00)	(\$0.00)	(\$0.00)

With regard to the general trend of the Company's operating results over the last two years there is limited variability; in quarters where there are financing activities, there are increased operating expenses related thereto, and a corresponding increase in the loss for those quarters. As noted in other portions of this MD&A the Company is in the exploration phase of its activities and has no revenue. Overall, the trend of the net loss from on-going operations is stable and except as noted herein, there is no significant seasonality in the results.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

During the three months ended November 30, 2022, cash flows were as follows:

- Cash outflows related to operating activities were \$40,270 (2021 – \$58,753);
- Cash outflows related to investing activities were \$243,965 (2021 – \$747,399); and
- Cash inflows related to financing activities \$nil (2021 - \$1,117,205 net proceeds from shares issued for

cash).

As at November 30, 2022, the Company had a working capital of \$30,975, compared to a working capital deficiency of \$314,113 as at November 30, 2021. The Company's current assets include \$78,351 in cash and cash equivalents (2021 - \$521,390), \$11,000 in accounts receivable (2021 - \$nil), \$14,668 of GST receivable (2021 - \$8,837), and \$103,458 in prepaid expenses (2021 - \$104,979). The Company has no other liquid assets as at November 30, 2022.

The Company has total non-current assets of \$6,082,590 (2021 - \$2,943,551) which consists of exploration and evaluation assets of \$6,068,108 (2021 - \$2,293,884) and term deposits of \$14,482 (2021 - 14,461). On November 30, 2022, accounts payable and accrued liabilities were \$139,435 (2021 - \$134,464) and due to related parties were \$37,085 (2021 - \$186,629).

As at November 30, 2022, the Company had cash of \$78,351. In order to maintain operations and cover administrative costs, the Company will need to raise additional capital. In the past, the Company has relied on sales of equity securities to meet its cash requirements. There can be no assurance that additional funding from this or other sources will be available in the future to satisfy operational requirements and cash commitments.

OFF-BALANCE SHEET ARRANGEMENTS

The Company does not have any off-balance sheet arrangements.

FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Company is exposed in varying degrees to a variety of financial instrument related risks. The Board of Directors approves and monitors the risk management processes, inclusive of documented investment policies, counterparty limits, and controlling and reporting structures. The type of risk exposure and the way in which such exposure is managed is provided as follows:

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will fail to discharge an obligation and cause the other party to incur a financial loss. The Company's primary exposure to credit risk is on its cash held in bank accounts. The Company's cash is deposited in bank accounts held with major banks in Canada. As most of the Company's cash is held by two banks there is a concentration of credit risk. This risk is managed by using major banks that are high credit quality financial institutions as determined by rating agencies. The Company's secondary exposure to risk is on its receivables. This risk is minimal as receivables consist entirely of refundable government goods and services taxes.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The Company has a planning and budgeting process in place to help determine the funds required to support

the Company's normal operating requirements on an ongoing basis. The Company ensures that there are sufficient funds to meet its short-term business requirements, taking into account its anticipated cash flows from operations and its holdings of cash and cash equivalents. Historically, the Company's sole source of funding has been the issuance of equity securities for cash, primarily through private placements. The Company's access to financing is always uncertain. There can be no assurance of continued access to significant equity funding.

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Company is exposed to minimal interest rate risk.

Capital management

The Company's policy is to maintain a strong capital base so as to maintain investor and creditor confidence and to sustain future development of the business. The capital structure of the Company consists of equity, comprising share capital, net of accumulated deficit. There were no changes in the Company's approach to capital management during the year. The Company is not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements.

Fair value

Financial instruments measured at fair value are classified into one of three levels in the fair value hierarchy according to the relative reliability of the inputs used to estimate the fair values. The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are:

- Level 1 – Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- Level 2 – Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability either directly or indirectly; and
- Level 3 – Inputs that are not based on observable market data.

The Company does not have any financial instruments measured at fair value.

OUTSTANDING SHARE DATA

The Company has an authorized share capital of an unlimited number of common shares without par value. The following table describes the issued and outstanding share capital of the Company:

	<u>November 30, 2022</u>	<u>August 31, 2022</u>
Common shares	88,669,403	88,569,403
Stock Options	7,125,000	7,125,000
Warrants	22,065,600	31,320,600
Fully Diluted Shares	117,860,003	127,015,003

For additional details on the Company's share capital, refer to Notes 5 and 6 of the audited financial statements for the year ended August 31, 2022, and condensed interim financial statements for three months period ended November 30, 2022.

RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

During the three months ended November 30, 2022 and 2021, the Company incurred the following transactions with officers and directors of the Company or companies with common directors:

Key Management Compensation	Type of Compensation	November 30, 2022	November 30, 2021
Dale McClanaghan (a)	Management Fees	\$ 18,000	\$ -
Richard Redfern	Geotechnical Consultant	\$ 7,992	\$ 7,501
Sergei Diakov	Geotechnical Consultant	\$ 24,296	\$ 15,598
Total		\$ 50,288	\$ 23,099

Due to (from) Related Parties:	November 30, 2022	August 31, 2021
Dale McClanaghan (a)	\$ 28,974	\$ 28,974
Inland Explorations Ltd. (e)	11,968	11,968
Scott Steeds (b)	(7,638)	(7,638)
Richard Redfern (c)	8,281	8,281
Lotus Ventures Corp. (d)	(4,500)	(4,500)
Total	\$ 37,085	\$ 37,085

- (a) Dale McClanaghan is the President, CEO, Corporate Secretary, and a director of the Company.
- (b) Scott Steeds is the CFO and a director of the Company.
- (c) Sergei Diakov, Richard Redfern and Darcy McKeown are directors of the Company.
- (d) Lotus Ventures Corp. is related to the Company by way of a common director.

- (e) Inland Explorations Ltd., a non-reporting issuer, is related to the Company by way of two common officers and directors, both of whom are officers of both companies,

Inland shares certain overhead costs in common with the Company. In prior years, substantially all of the balance due from Inland related to costs incurred by the Company on behalf of Inland for the Thompson Knolls Drill Program. All exploration expenditures previously incurred which had been classified as an advance to Inland were subsequently applied towards exploration expenditures under the Formal Option Agreement.

These transactions are in the normal course of operations and have been valued in these financial statements at the exchange amount which is the amount of consideration established and agreed to by the related parties.

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES

The preparation of these financial statements requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of expenses during the reporting period. Estimates and assumptions are continuously evaluated and are based on management's experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. However, actual outcomes can differ from these estimates.

All of the Company's significant accounting policies and estimates are included in Notes 2 and 3 of its condensed interim financial statements for the three months ended November 30, 2022.

BUSINESS RISKS

The Company, and the securities of the Company, should be considered a highly speculative investment. The following risk factors should be given special consideration when evaluating an investment in any of the Company's securities:

There are a number of outstanding securities and agreements pursuant to which common shares of the Company may be issued in the future. This will result in further dilution to the Company's shareholders.

The Company has a very limited history of operations, is in the early stage of development and has received no revenues other than insignificant interest revenues. As such, the Company is subject to many risks common to such enterprises. There can be no assurance that the Company will be able to obtain adequate financing in the future or, if available, that the terms of such financing will be favourable. The Company has no intentions of paying any dividends in the future.

Although the Company has taken steps to verify the title to mineral properties in which it has acquired an interest, no assurance whatsoever can be given that the Company's interests may not be challenged by third parties. If challenged, and if the challenge is sustained, it will have an adverse effect on the business of the Company. Title to mineral properties may be subject to unregistered prior agreements or transfers, and may also be affected by undetected defects or the rights of indigenous peoples.

Environmental legislation is becoming increasingly stringent and costs and expenses of regulatory compliance are increasing. The impact of new and future environmental legislation on the Company's operations may cause additional expenses and restrictions. If the restrictions adversely affect the scope of exploration and development on the mineral properties, the potential for production on the properties may be diminished or negated.

The exploration of mineral properties involves significant risks which even experience, knowledge and careful evaluation may not be able to avoid. The price of metals has fluctuated widely, particularly in recent years as it is affected by numerous factors which are beyond the Company's control including international economic and political trends, expectations of inflation or deflation, currency exchange fluctuations, interest rate fluctuations, global or regional consumptive patterns, speculative activities and increased production due to new extraction methods. The effect of these factors on the price of metals, and therefore the economic viability of the Company's interests in the mineral properties cannot be accurately predicted. Furthermore, changing conditions in the financial markets, and Canadian Income Tax legislation may have a direct impact on the Company's ability to raise funds for exploration expenditures. A drop in the availability of equity financings will likely impede spending. As a result of all these significant risks, it is quite possible that the Company may lose its investments in the Company's mineral property interests.

SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On December 15, 2022, BCM entered into a definitive amalgamation agreement for the acquisition of all of the issued and outstanding shares of the Inland Exploration Ltd. The acquisition consolidates 100% ownership of BCM's Thompson Knolls property in Utah, USA.

On January 27, 2023, the Annual and Special Meetings of shareholders of BCM Resources Corp. and Inland Explorations Ltd., approved the aforementioned Amalgamation with both companies receiving 100% of eligible votes cast in favour of the Resolution. All AGM recommendations of management, at the companies' respective meetings, were also approved. Details of the Amalgamation and the Meeting are available in the Joint Information Circular dated Jan. 4, 2023 and posted on SEDAR.

FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

Certain statements contained herein are "forward-looking" and are based on the opinions and estimates of management, or on opinions and estimates provided to and accepted by management. Forward-looking statements are subject to a variety of risks and uncertainties and other factors that could cause actual events or results to differ materially from those expressed or implied. Readers are therefore cautioned not to place reliance on any forward-looking statement.

DISCLOSURE CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

Disclosure controls and procedures are designed to provide reasonable assurance that all relevant information is gathered and reported on a timely basis to senior management, so that appropriate decisions can be made regarding public disclosure. Management evaluated the effectiveness of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures for the years ended August 31, 2022 and 2021, and based on that evaluation, management has concluded that the disclosure controls and procedures were effective but that an inherent weakness in the controls

exists due to the lack of segregation of duties and management override. It has been determined by management that it is not cost effective to increase the controls over financial reporting at the current level of operations.

ADDITIONAL DISCLOSURE FOR VENTURE ISSUERS WITHOUT SIGNIFICANT REVENUES

A detailed listing of general and administrative expenses, the analysis of exploration expenditures and assets on a property-by-property basis are provided in the audited financial statements of the Company for the year ended August 31, 2022, available under the Company's profile on SEDAR at www.sedar.com.

APPROVAL

The Board of Directors of BCM Resources Corporation have approved the disclosure contained in this MD&A.